

Clearwisdom.net

Issue 38 • June 2005



Table of Content

News and Events from Around the World 1
U.S. Court Delivers Default Judgment Against Guo Chuanjie, Deputy Head of the 610 Office at the Chinese Academy of Science
Seoul, Korea: Bo Xilai Sued by Practitioners Prior to APEC Summit
United Nations Concerns about CCP Authorities Arrest of a UNHCR Refugee
Toronto, Canada: Chinese Orphans' Plight Draws Attention at the United Nations Meeting to Counter Violence against Children
Falun Dafa Associations in Australia Issue Statement Calling Upon Australian Government to Offer Asylum to Chinese Diplomat Chen Yonglin10
Facts of the Persecution
Daqing City Police Torture Yang Yuhua to Death and Refuse to Return Her Body to the Family
The Enslavement of Falun Gong Practitioners in Wangcun Forced Labor Camp, Shandong Province
Photographic Evidence of Torture: Mr. Guo Shijun Dies from Injuries Received at the Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp, Harbin City18
Partial Account from Practitioners Persecuted in the Women's Division of Tumuji Forced Labor Camp in Inner Mongolia21
The Persecution Suffered by Falun Gong Practitioners at Sichuan University
Falun Gong Practitioners' Noble Actions in China
Taking Master Li's Articles to Practitioners in Forced Labor Camps
Practitioners' Righteous Thoughts and Righteous Actions at Tilanqiao Prison, Shanghai, Shake the Evil
People Awaken to the Truth
Former Chinese Consulate Official Speaks Out on the CCP's Persecution of Falun Gong 31
Prisoners' Hearts Change after Witnessing the Greatness of Falun Dafa
I Finally Understood the Persecution Suffered by My Sister
Voice of Justice
President of Swiss Political Party Strongly Appeals to Director of Suzhou Lumu Shoushen Zhan Xi Prison for Release of Falun Gong Practitioner

Proclamation of Falun Dafa Month, City of Fort Wayne, Indiana	39
Governor of Missouri Proclaims May 2005 as Falun Dafa Month	40
Media Reports and Opinions	42
AFP: Swedish Falun Gong to Press Charges Against China's Jiang Zemin	43
SCMP: Expert Backs Up Defectors' Australia Spying Claims	44
Radio France Internationale: Chen Yonglin's Defection to Australia is due to his Oppositi to China's Persecution of Falun Gong	
AAP Reports Falun Gong Practitioner Ying Li Is Concerned about Her Family	47
Courier-Mail: Falun Gong stages protest	48
Radio Free Asia: Practitioners Invited to Demonstrate Falun Gong Exercises at Berlin Gymnastics Festival	50
Falun Gong Practitioners' Personal Experiences	51
Miraculous Recovery from Fatal Diseases	52
After Depression Led to a Serious Drug Addiction, Falun Dafa Saved My Life	54

News and Events from Around the World



U.S. Court Delivers Default Judgment Against Guo Chuanjie, Deputy Head of the 610 Office at the Chinese Academy of Science

On June 2, 2005, a New York Federal Court reached a default judgment in the absence of defendant Guo Chuanjie, the deputy head of the 610 Office. This office is also called the "Leadership Group Dealing with Falun Gong Issues at the Chinese Academy of Sciences". The judge ordered Guo Chuanjie to compensate victims for damages as well as financial losses inflicted on the plaintiffs.

On February 22, 2005, Falun Gong practitioners in Manhattan, New York filed a lawsuit against Guo Chuanjie, who was leading a group of visitors and planning activities in the United States. They charged Guo with genocide, torture and crimes against humanity. A subpoena and Bill of Complaint were delivered to Guo at Battery Park the next day.

Guo Chuanjie became the deputy head of the Leadership Group Dealing with Falun Gong Issues at CAS (Chinese Academy of Sciences) in July 1999 and is the main person in charge of persecuting Falun Gong at CAS. After he took the position of Party Secretary of the University of Science and Technology of China in 2003, he emphasized the importance of persecuting Falun Gong and "reforming" Falun Gong practitioners at the Ninth Party Conference of the University of Science and Technology of China. Interestingly, the location where the lawsuit was filed is directly across from the Statue of Liberty, a monument that symbolizes freedom and democracy.

According to some of the confirmed persecution cases, dating back to 2000, at least 27 lecturers or employees of CAS were persecuted because of their persistence in practicing Falun Gong. Methods of persecution include firing practitioners without reason, depriving them of their basic salaries, refusing to pay pensions, taking away government-subsidized housing, sending them to labor camps, sentencing practitioners to jail, refusing to register them [for study], suspending or expelling them, and generally discriminating against the teachers who were unwilling to give up their beliefs. The CCP forced scholars to leave the university or stopped them from studying at the university for long periods of time by taking them to a local brainwashing center or a detention center. Falun Gong practitioners have also been put on a list of people forbidden to leave China.

Since Zhao Zhifei, Deputy Head of the Public Security Department in Hubei Province was convicted for his involvement in persecuting Falun Gong in December 2001, 13 lawsuits have been filed against Jiang Zemin in 28 countries. Thirty-four lawsuits against 22 high-ranking CCP officials who carried out the persecution are in progress, and some of these individuals have been convicted. These perpetrators cannot escape justice abroad. We believe they will also be brought to justice in China in the near future.

Seoul, Korea: Bo Xilai Sued by Practitioners Prior to APEC Summit

On May 30, 2005, Falun Dafa practitioners filed a lawsuit with the local prosecutor's office in Seoul, charging Bo Xilai (male) with persecuting Falun Gong, participating in genocide, engaging in illegal arrests, unjustifiable imprisonment, torture, and other charges. The file was formally accepted on the morning of May 31, 2005. Planning to attend the APEC (Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation) Summit on June 2, 2005, on Cheju Island, Korea, Bo Xilai was scheduled to arrive in Korea on June 1, 2005.

After twice acting as mayor of Dalian City since 1993, Bo Xilai was designated as a Chinese Communist Party (CCP) Liaoning Province standing committee member and CCP Dalian City committee secretary in September 1999. He actively followed Jiang in persecuting Falun Gong after the persecution started in 1999. Under the direction of Bo Xilai, Dalian became the most notorious region in China for persecution. At least fifteen practitioners were tortured to death in Dalian. Bo Xilai was quickly promoted for his contributions toward the persecution. He was assigned Governor of Liaoning Province in 2001. Liaoning Province became well known for severely persecuting Falun Gong. He invested a huge sum of money, one billion yuan (121.8 million USD), to build prisons for detaining Falun Dafa practitioners.

Bo Xilai helped Jiang persecute Falun Gong so diligently, that he won Jiang's trust, and was promoted to Minister of Commerce directly from his provincial secretary position.

After Bo Xilai was sued for genocide in Washington DC in 2004, he was also sued by Falun Dafa practitioners in the United Kingdom, Holland, Russia, and three other countries.

Bo Xilai is also one of the prime suspects in hiring a gunman to shoot Australian practitioner David Liang. The incident occurred on June 28, 2004, when Bo was visiting South Africa together with Zeng Qinhong (male), Jiang's main helper in persecuting Falun Gong.

Plaintiffs pointed out that the brutal persecution of Falun Gong by the CCP continues in China. Lawsuits against Bo Xilai are to warn others who persecute Falun Dafa practitioners, that good will be rewarded, and evil will meet with karmic retribution. We also want people all over the world to know the urgency of stopping the persecution against "Truthfulness, Compassion, and Forbearance." We want more people to understand Falun Dafa and cherish it. People who have kind hearts and righteous thoughts will be rewarded.

United Nations Concerns about CCP Authorities Arrest of a UNHCR Refugee

On May 23, 2005 the Falun Gong Human Rights Working Group submitted an appeal letter to the United Nations Human Rights Commission, United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) and other international human rights organizations working on refugee issues regarding the second illegal arrest of Mrs. Zhang Xinyi, a refugee recognized by UNHCR. Various parties are concerned about the case.

Mrs. Zhang Xinyi is a refugee recognized by UNHCR, and her case is a special one in UNHCR. Her second arrest is causing serious concern at the United Nations and international human rights organizations. The Chinese Communist Party (CCP) government's act in arresting North Korean refugees has been widely condemned by the international community, and many western governments and human rights organizations are negotiating with the Chinese government through various channels. Now the CCP government has publicly detained this UNHCR refugee, without regard for the international impact.

Both Mrs. Zhang Xinyi and her husband are Falun Gong practitioners in Changsha City and have pending refugee status and are protected under the UNHCR Cambodian Branch Bureau. Police in Phnom Penh, Cambodia illegally broke into Zhang Xinyi's home on August 2, 2002 at the instigation of the Chinese Embassy. Ignoring that Zhang Xinyi showed them the UNHCR document that confirmed their status and protection by the UNHCR, the police clearly told Zhang Xinyi and her husband that they were carrying out orders from the Chinese Embassy, because someone had reported to the Chinese Embassy that Falun Gong truth-clarifying materials had been found in a package the couple had sent to China.

The couple was deported to China on August 9, 2002. They were immediately sent to the Hunan Province Changsha City Detention Center. A month later, due to international pressure, the couple was released on bail. But the CCP government's persecution of the couple did not stop. On April 28, 2005, Hunan Province Police Department, Changsha City Tianxin District Police Department and Xinkaipu Police Station worked together and arrested Zhang Xinyi again, and searched her home. Zhang Xinyi is being held in cell 3, East Building 1, Changsha City Detention Center. She started a hunger strike to protest her illegal detention.

The CCP authorities' persecution of Mrs. Zhang Xinyi violates international law and the United Nations Human Rights Convention. The Falun Gong Human Rights Working Group has submitted an appeal to the United Nations Human Rights Commission and UNHCR. Mrs. Zhang's case was filed before with UNHCR in August 2002, and the officials of UNHCR are negotiating with the Chinese government through various channels. The Falun Gong Human Rights Working Group has also appealed to several international human rights organizations, to expose the true image of the Chinese Communist Party, and to help Mrs. Zhang Xinyi gain freedom again.

Toronto, Canada: Chinese Orphans' Plight Draws Attention at the United Nations Meeting to Counter Violence against Children

On June 2 and 3, the North American Regional Consultation Meeting to Counter Violence against Children was held at the University of Toronto. The meeting was initiated by the United Nations Secretary General and sponsored by the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF). About 200 people, including American and Canadian government officials, people from the academic field, nongovernmental organizations and medical doctors attended the meeting. Three representatives from the "Global Mission to Rescue Persecuted Falun Gong Practitioners" (GMRPFGP) also attended. They called for attention to the persecution encountered by Falun Gong practitioners in China and the plight of the orphans of Falun Gong practitioners. Their appeal drew attention from the attendees.



Conference hall



Group meeting

• Clarifying the truth to young representatives who attended the meeting

The meeting especially invited 28 children and young students recommended by attending organizations to join the meeting. Twenty of them are from Canada and eight from the U.S. The evening of June 1 was scheduled for young representatives to register. Two Falun Gong practitioners from GMRPFGP handed out flyers to these young representatives and their adult companions one by one and explained the facts to them face to face. Many people felt shocked upon hearing the introduction. A representative from Nova Scotia said that she had heard of Falun Gong before and she was aware of the persecution, but she did not know that the persecution was so severe. An officer from the Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) who attended the meeting said that she knew about the persecution of Falun Gong but she was not clear about the persecution encountered by children.

The young representatives' meeting was scheduled for June 2. Young representative Kelly from GMRPFGP attended the meeting and took the lead by giving a speech. She spoke in detail about the persecution of Falun Gong in China, in particular, the brutal

persecution suffered by children and young people. Her speech aroused great sympathy from the attendees.

• Persecution suffered by children in China draws great attention

Three Falun Gong practitioners attended the opening ceremony on the evening of June 2. During the opening ceremony, practitioners distributed a large amount of materials and tried their best to clarify the truth to representatives face to face. When talking with Canadian Senator Landon Pearson, the Senator expressed that she was aware of the persecution encountered by Falun Gong in China and she thanked practitioners for providing her with the materials. Upon hearing about the plight of the orphans, Ontario's Minister of Children and Youth Services expressed that she was willing to help rescue these orphans to Ontario.



Kelly represents GMRPFGP to give a speech at the conference

Kelly and Senator Landon Pearson

Some young representatives attending the meeting

During the formal meeting held on June 3, three practitioners participated in different group discussions and talked to representatives in detail about the persecution suffered by Falun Gong practitioners in China. In the group meeting in the morning, Jiang Fan from GMRPFGP pointed out that the persecution of Falun Gong has been defined as a genocide by international attorneys, as the crimes are analogous to those that took place in Nazi Germany, the former Yugoslavia and Sudan. About 10 million children have suffered in the persecution. A large number of children have been tortured for practicing Falun Gong, and many have become orphans because their parents were tortured to death or have been imprisoned for a long period of time. Numerous children have been forced to leave school and have to move from one place to another to avoid further persecution. Some have died in the persecution. As members of the international community, what should we do to stop this atrocity and prevent similar tragedies from happening again? Senator Pearson said that similar things have occurred before in history. The way to end it is to intervene together with other methods.

Many attendees expressed their deep concern about these orphans. They highly recognized the global effort of rescue. The president of an organization to protect children's rights said, "Your work is really great!" The president of another organization said, "You are doing very significant and great work!"

• Morality is essential to solve the problem of violence against children

During the meeting in the afternoon, practitioners delivered several speeches. In addition to introducing the truth about Falun Gong, they also pointed out that upgrading moral standards is fundamental to stopping violence against children.

Jiang Fan said in his speech that currently the fundamental reason for the increase in social violence is the degeneration of mankind's morality. In ancient times, there were not so many laws or rules, but there was not so much violence either, because people at that time generally believed in God or Buddha, and moral standards were much high. Unfortunately, modern times moral standards have largely declined. People ceaselessly pursue material interests and benefits, which has led to the degeneration of human morality. He stressed that the fundamental reason for the increase of social problems and violence is the degeneration of human morality. He said that laws can only regulate people's behavior but are unable to control their minds or eliminate the intention to commit crimes. The fundamental way out is to upgrade people's moral standard, so that they can restrain themselves from the bottom of their hearts. As an example, he said that Falun Gong practitioners believe in Truthfulness, Compassion and Forbearance. They are strict with themselves in society and give up bad habits such as smoking and drinking alcohol. This practice once played a positive role in upgrading the overall moral standard in China.

His speech was well-received by many representatives.

• At the plenary meeting Falun Gong Practitioners call for support rescuing orphans

At the plenary meeting held at the end of the conference, in her two-minute speech, a young representative from GMRPFGP Kelly, called upon the international community, including UNICEF and World Vision, to help rescue the orphans of Falun Gong practitioners and stop the persecution against children in China.

Her speech drew continuous and warm applause. After the meeting concluded, many representatives expressed that they were quite moved by Kelly's speech. One representative said, "You've done great!" Another said, "What you've done is even better than adults." Some representatives took the initiative to take photos with her and requested her contact information.

According to the meeting's sponsor, about 200 officials, specialists, scholars and people from nongovernmental organizations attended. Officials included Canadian Senator Landon Pearson, Ontario's Minister of Children and Youth Services Mary Bountrogianni, representatives of the Federal Ministry of Justice, Health Department, and Royal Canadian Mounted Police as well as the American federal government. Professors specializing in children's rights from more than 10 universities, including the University of Toronto, York University, University of British Columbia, New York University and University of South Carolina attended the meeting. In addition, several dozen nongovernmental organizations also sent representatives.

Falun Dafa Associations in Australia Issue Statement Calling Upon Australian Government to Offer Asylum to Chinese Diplomat Chen Yonglin

The Falun Dafa Associations in Australia called upon the Australian Government to offer immediate asylum to Chinese diplomat Mr. Chen Yonglin and to fully examine his allegations of Chinese spies operating in Australia.

For six years Falun Dafa practitioners in Australia have been subject to a wide range of interference and harassment orchestrated by the Chinese Embassy and consulates in this country. These incidents include physical threats, harassing phone calls, damage to property, salacious misinformation about the practice of Falun Dafa and attempts to adversely influence local councils and events organizers to exclude Falun Gong from community functions.

Over the years we have encountered a number of suspicious characters masquerading as Falun Dafa practitioners and some members of the Chinese community have actively assisted the Embassy and consulates in their anti-Falun Gong campaign. We therefore have no doubt that Mr. Chen's statements about Chinese Communist Party infiltrators in Australian society are absolutely true.

Such infiltrators are not like "spies" from the Cold War era. They could be highly skilled technicians or scientists working for a big corporation, they could be running a Chinese language newspaper, they could own your favorite restaurant or they could be your family doctor. They are hard to spot because they appear to be living perfectly normal lives, but when they come across some information that will be useful to the Party they diligently report back to Beijing. The effect of this network has led to many Falun Dafa practitioners being placed on a travel black list, having their phones monitored, homes broken into and such serious incidents as the shooting of Mr. David Liang in South Africa.

Yesterday the Chinese Ambassador to Australia made a speech in which she poured scorn on Mr. Chen's claims stating that: "This is not the 1970s. We have moved on." Certainly this is what China wants the world to believe and they have worked tirelessly in recent years to present a benign face to the world. At the same time the treatment of Falun Gong practitioners has become even more ruthless with the current recorded death toll reaching 2,336.

The Ambassador also commented that she saw no reason why Mr Chen would face jail in China "because there is no civil crime in his behavior". However, Falun Gong practitioners in China have not committed any crimes either - yet they face torture and death simply because of their peaceful beliefs. And when exposing the atrocities committed against Falun Gong practitioners is labeled as "leaking state secrets", how can we really expect Mr. Chen to escape retribution for exposing the secrets of the Chinese Communist Party in Australia?

To expose the reality behind the ambassador's rhetoric we need look no further than a report in the Hong Kong Standard on 1 March 2005 regarding an article in the Chinese Communist Party's Qiushi Magazine by top security official Luo Gan. Luo Gan stated that, "The disturbance and destruction from hostile forces in China and abroad constitutes a serious threat to social stability in a strategically important period in our country."

Luo Gan further stated that intelligence work must be stepped up to "smash their activities". He also said, "We must insist on actively attacking them, as soon as they emerge, take early action to keep the enemies under control." Luo called once again for renewed efforts to eradicate Falun Gong. In addition, CCP ideologues have reprimanded the Foreign Ministry for being rife with "political corruption" and called for more political education in the diplomatic corps.

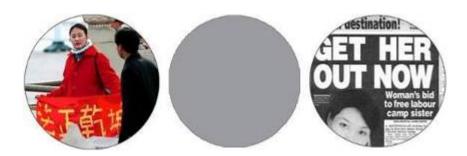
Journalist Catherine Armitage suggested in Monday's Australian that, "If he is ever repatriated, Mr. Chen will probably be whisked from the airport direct to jail."

We know of no reason to disagree with that statement and would therefore request that the Australian Government uphold the principles of liberty, compassion and "a fair go", which constitute the foundations of our democracy, and immediately grant Mr. Chen asylum.

Yours sincerely

Falun Dafa Association of New South Wales Falun Dafa Association of Victoria Falun Dafa Association of Queensland

Facts of the Persecution



Daqing City Police Torture Yang Yuhua to Death and Refuse to Return Her Body to the Family

On May 12, 2005, police killed Falun Gong practitioner Yang Yuhua from Daqing City during a force-feeding torture session in the Daqing City Detention Center. After her death, the police refused to return her body to her family. The police continued to monitor telephone calls between her family and friends and followed them. Yang Yuhua's body is now at Daqing Oilfield General Hospital. According to an eyewitness, she was emaciated, her mouth and eyes were wide open, and her facial expression was that of being in extreme agony.

Arrested and tortured by officers from the Tieren Police Department

Ms. Yang Yuhua, 50, was a teacher at the Daqing No. 6 Middle School. At midnight on April 16, 2005, about six police officers from Tieren District Police Department rushed into Yang's residence. They pulled her out of bed and took her away, along with her Falun Gong books and a computer. When the police ordered Yang Yuhua to sign the so-called "list of evidence", Yang refused and tore it to pieces. The infuriated police violently beat her. At midnight on April 17, she was sent to Daqing Detention Center. When a sympathetic person helped her to change her clothes, she found Yang's body covered in dark bruises. Yang Yuhua was critically injured.

After she was locked in a solitary confinement cell and forced to sit on a metal chair, violent force-feeding caused Yang Yuhua's death

Yang Yuhua was later sent to a solitary confinement cell and forced to sit on a metal chair for seven days. She resorted to a hunger strike to protest the persecution. Police intensified the abuse by force-feeding and other physical torture and mental torment. People often heard her painful cries and calls for help, such as, "The police are beating me!" Once, because Ms. Yang refused to comply with a humiliating jail rule, the police punished every person in her cell by forcing them to sit until midnight. During her hunger strike, she strongly resisted the violent force-feedings. For three consecutive days, the police were unsuccessful in their efforts to force-feed her. She managed twice to bite and damage the feeding tube. Infuriated, the police replaced the tubes and went on to torture her with the feeding until they finally killed her on May 12, 2005.

Police refuse to return her body to the family; they continue to monitor the family

Yang Yuhua's body is now in storage at the Daqing Oilfield General Hospital. During the autopsy, people saw her severely disfigured face, the result of all the abuse she had suffered.

The Provincial Justice Department has now completed the autopsy. Yang's family is waiting to see the results before they file a grievance for the deceased. Undercover police are closely watching Yang's family at their residences. They even monitor their cell phone calls. Police still refuse to return Yang's body to the family. Any visitation to see her body has to be approved and the police need to be present on visits.

Undercover police questioned all the relatives who visited the family and conducted background checks on these people. Once a family member talked about Ms. Yang's death to a friend over the phone, the friend would soon receive an intimidating phone call from an official, who would threaten, "Don't get involved in Falun Gong-related things."

The Enslavement of Falun Gong Practitioners in Wangcun Forced Labor Camp, Shandong Province

He Weicheng, a Falun Gong practitioner, was illegally sentenced to a forced labor camp in 2002 and detained at the No. 2 Men's Forced Labor Camp in Shandong Province (i.e. Wangcun Forced Labor Camp). In July 2002, he was forced to do slave labor, producing various glass products for the Zibo Jiaye Company. It was said that these products would be exported to the U.S., South Korea, and other countries.

First, let's introduce the production process of this slave labor.



Product Sample Diagrams

First, tinted glass is cut into 1cm squares then glued onto vessels with 1 to 2 mm between each piece of glass.

Then, the vessels are transferred to the cement workshop, and the gaps are filled with cement, leaving only the upper and bottom edges (about 2 mm) bare. The cement is mixed and squeezed into the gaps. Then, a layer of dry cement powder is added and wiped with a dry cloth. After that the vessel is cleaned with muriatic acid, which emits toxic fumes.

The cost is no more than one Chinese yuan (.12 USD) and the sale price is more than five U.S. dollars. The tag price is usually about \$4.99 or \$5.99. Some larger and detailed products will have a price tag of \$14.99.

During the production process, the vessel is put on an emplacement (bracket). With one hand holding the glue, and the other hand holding a piece of glass, one must work continuously to paste the glass onto the vessel.

The glue contains large quantities of benzene and other harmful chemicals. Some of the glues emit very strong and unusual odors. Some people have gotten headaches from it. They have had symptoms that include their eyes turning red, nausea, and more. It is

very harmful to one's health. It is said that it does severe damage to a person's reproductive organs. Due to prolonged working under extreme pressure, one's eyesight deteriorates.

After the glue dries, cement will be added. The cement workshop is filled with dust. There is a large quantity of airborne cement dust. The cement dust is inhaled into the lungs with no labor safeguard measures in place to protect the workers.

In 2003, we had to work from 5 a.m. until midnight, even on the days before the Spring Festival. Most of the time, we had to work until 1 o'clock the next morning. Each day, we had to get up and start working while our eyes were not completely open yet. We would begin work without even washing up or brushing our teeth. We only had 15 to 20 minutes for meals. Meals consisted of radish strips pickled in soy sauce and two pieces of steamed bread. In the wintertime, our hands froze to the point of becoming swollen and bleeding.

Our workload kept increasing. If one could not meet quotas overtime work was done. Many people became mentally disoriented while working due to exhaustion. The labor camp would not allow breaks even if one felt unwell, unless one had a doctor's approval. Even some of the people who were in their sixties would not be excused.

Falun Gong practitioners have to work over 18 hours a day. Each day is like a year for them. Their fingers are worn to the bone from laboring. After repeating one action over and over for a very long time, some people became so weary that they developed heart trouble.

In October 2003, Falun Gong practitioner Zhao Youqiang had heart attack symptoms because of his hard working conditions. Although he was in severe pain, they still forced him to work. He was tortured like that until his term (which was illegal to begin with) expired on July 15, 2004.

Some practitioners became ill, and could not work. The police decided that this was affecting the company's profits too much. As a result, most of the Falun Gong practitioners had to go through a new round of persecution. Some of them were beaten and some were forced to stay awake until late into the night.

The labor camp persecuted Falun Gong practitioners from many aspects, including time, mentally, physically, and economic restraints. For the sake of personal gain, they repeatedly persecuted Falun Gong practitioners. For those who worked slowly or did not work, the police also forced them to stay up late at night under strict control.

A Falun Gong practitioner from Sishui county, whose last name is Cao, was forced to stay up until 2 or 3 a.m. Zhao Youqiang, a Falun Gong practitioner from Tai'an,

(detained from November 2001 to July 15, 2004) was forced to stay up until 1am. He would be awakened at 4 a.m. to work. Falun Gong practitioners were expected to pay for anything broken. They found all kinds of excuses to withhold the money sent by Falun Gong practitioners' families.

Falun Gong practitioner Guan Fagang went to reason things out with police head Jing Jisheng and asked him why the police in the labor camp would not follow the rules, even though it is clearly stated that the labor time should not exceed 8 hours. Jing Jisheng said, "That does not count. It is ineffective." Even in their office, there are some slogans hanging on the wall saying "Seven things not allowed and nine things forbidden", among which there are no physical abuses, no cursing, do not instigate others to beat prisoners, abide the labor rules, etc. All these are for show only. They are used to cover up their behaviors of committing crimes even though they are disregarding and trampling the law.

Falun Gong practitioner Yang Shaofan said that the kind of glue the workers had to use is harmful. What he said was reported to policeman Jing Jisheng. In front of everyone, this policeman ferociously berated Yang Shaofan and said, "Jiaye Company has been using this kind of glue for several years. You are spreading rumors if you say it is harmful. I will report to the leaders and extend your term." He threatened other Falun Gong practitioners so that they would be afraid to speak out.

In order to increase productivity, they had non-practitioners and practitioners compete. They used different methods to increase the labor intensity.

What is even more ironic is that police Sun Fengjun, the assistant leader, police number 3731211, said in a meeting, "It will be hard for you to find such a job in society. You do not have to worry about the wind and rain. You should feel satisfied if you can have such a job here."

Recently Falun Gong practitioners have stood up against the persecution and resisted the slave labor. The output has constantly decreased because of the practitioners' resistance. Because of this, the labor camp authorities changed their methods in the persecution. They began to count the pieces during production. Each day, they forced the practitioners to glue 5000, 6000, even 7000 pieces, to try to make the practitioners work harder.

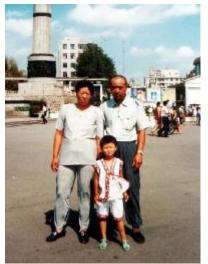
Photographic Evidence of Torture: Mr. Guo Shijun Dies from Injuries Received at the Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp, Harbin City

Mr. Guo Shijun was a Falun Gong practitioner from Hongqi Township, Harbin City, Heilongjiang Province who was tortured to death at age 52. In February 2004, police officers from the Department of Public Security in Shuangcheng City seized him for distributing Falun Gong truth clarification materials. Later he was detained in the Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp in Harbin City. During his detention at that camp he suffered torture including electrical shock, and forced to sit bound to a metal chair. After one year of inhuman torture, and on the verge of death, he was sent home. On February 9, 2005 he passed away, eight days after his release. His body was covered with wounds and bruises.Mr. Guo Shijun, a person of many talents, was the director of and a carpenter at the Guoshu Model Carpentry Factory in Hongqi Township, Harbin City, Heilongjiang Province. He was 52 years old when he passed away. His versatility was evident in the many skills he had mastered. At work he was careful and paid attention to detail.

Mr. Guo lived with his elderly mother, his wife and a young daughter in a small, twobedroom brick house. Mr. Guo was 1.7 meters (5 feet 7 inches) tall and sturdy physique.



Mr. Guo Shijun and his daughter



Mr. Guo Shijun and his family

In 1997 Mr. Guo obtained Falun Gong and he felt very fortunate. His mother and his wife were also practitioners. In 2000 he contracted to head a carpentry factory and assumed the position of factory director. Later he quit this job because the factory was not profitable. His entire family moved to Tonghe County, where he started another carpentry factory.

Because Mr. Guo Persevered in Falun Gong Cultivation, His Assets were Impounded, His Wife was Arrested, and His Mother was Frightened to Death

Mr. Guo Shijun was a very firm practitioner. He persevered in Falun Gong cultivation and clarified the persecution facts to people. Mr. Guo and his wife were both practitioners. Mr. Guo's wife was arrested by personnel from the Tonghe County 610 Office and sent to Wanjia Forced Labor Camp for three years at forced labor. A 6-yearold daughter was left at home. The 610 Office impounded the assets of their carpentry factory, including a small van. The loss Guo's family totaled more than 50,000 yuan.

Mr. Guo was forced into homelessness after his wife's arrest. His mother took care of her granddaughter, and they lived in the factory. During this time, police officers from the Tonghe County 610 Office monitored them for seven days in a row in an attempt to catch Mr. Guo. Mr. Guo's mother was mentally traumatized from fear.

Mr. Guo had no way to rescue his wife, so he led his family back to the fourth Zhenghong Village in Hongqi Township. The staff from the 610 Office in Hongqi Township went to harass his family twice. Mr. Guo's mother was again frightened. She stayed bedridden for a long time and passed away after medical treatment failed to cure her.

Mr. Guo's Perseverance in Falun Gong Cultivation and Truth Clarification

After Mr. Guo dealt with his mother's funeral, he distributed truth clarification material to many people and made truth clarification banners to expose the lies that the Jiang group fabricated to defame Falun Gong and deceive people. He took responsibility for making Falun Gong banners for four townships. Mr. Guo once made a huge, sevenmeter long, 1.5 meter wide banner that read "Falun Dafa is Great!" Each character was 1.5 meters high. On Chinese New Year's Eve he climbed a 50-meter (164 ft.) high signal transmission tower and hung the big banner from the top of the tower. It was a great shock to the regime.

On February 13, 2004, Mr. Guo and a fellow practitioner, Mu Xiuqing, went to distribute truth clarification material in Dongguan Village, Dongguan Town. They were arrested by police from the Department of Public Security in Shuangcheng City. The practitioners were sent to the Second Detention Center in Shuangcheng City. During detention, Mr. Guo was subjected to severe torture. Later, he was given three years at forced labor, to be served at the Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp in Harbin City.

Suffering Torture-Electric Shock and Metal Chair at the Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp

Mr. Guo suffered brutal beatings by police at Changlinzi Forced Labor Camp. He was electrically shocked and ferociously beaten. His back turned purplish black and his hips became infected from the electric shocks. He was locked in a small cell twice--one time for two days; the other time for four days. His hips festered after he was forced to sit on the metal chair for a long time. He was deprived of sleep for four days and nights. As soon as he closed his eyes the police shocked him with an electric baton. Mr. Guo was tortured so severely. It was only when he was on the brink of death that the staff from the 610 Office allowed his release for medical parole. The police in the detention center told Guo Shijun, "You must hold on and try your best not to die here, as we are not in a position to bear the responsibility."

Mr. Guo Passed Away Eight Days After Being Released - His Body was Completely Covered with Wounds and Bruises

On December 23 of the Chinese lunar calendar Guo Shijun was sent home. He was in a coma. He coughed continually, and suffered great pain. The police threatened that he was not allowed to reveal anything. The police also said to him, "We will come to take you back when you recover."

Mr. Guo passed away eight days later, on Chinese New Year's Day (February 9, 2005). All the villagers knew that Mr. Guo was in perfect health and didn't have any ailments before his arrest. However, only one year after he was arrested and imprisoned he passed away.

When Mr. Guo died, it was too tragic a scene to look at. His back was purplish black and infected, and His hips had wounds, scars and bruises everywhere.



The following six photos are not recommended for underage persons to see.

Photo 1	Photo 2	Photo 3
Photo 4	Photo 5	<u>Photo 6</u>

A healthy and good-hearted man was tortured to death by the Chinese authorities simply for believing in "Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance," and clarifying the truth to people. Where is the rule of law in China? Where is justice in China?

Partial Account from Practitioners Persecuted in the Women's Division of Tumuji Forced Labor Camp in Inner Mongolia

The Women's Division of Tumuji Forced Labor Camp in Inner Mongolia started a brainwashing class in its hospital on August 2, 2004 in order to force practitioners to give up cultivation in Falun Gong. They assigned six police officers and two guards to watch one practitioner and harass her both physically and mentally. Many practitioners were severely persecuted.

On the afternoon of October 6, they called a meeting to attack Falun Gong. In the meeting, Siqingaowa yelled: "Falun Dafa is good." A few police officers came, dragged her out, and put her in solitary confinement. They subsequently sent her to the brainwashing class, where they had two policewomen continually bombard her with propaganda. They did not let her sleep unless she cooperated with them. Normally they only allowed her two hours of sleep each night. They once deprived her of sleep for four consecutive nights. They also forced her to sit motionless on a narrow bench for a prolonged period of time.

Practitioner Fan Guizhi was sent to the brainwashing class around November 28, 2004. Just like Siqingaowa, she was forced to stand and was deprived of sleep. The punishment lasted for about a month, followed by another month of solitary confinement. Around April 10, 2005, she was sent to the brainwashing class again. Two collaborators, Li Xiaoyun and Guo Junxiu, tried to convert her. When they failed, the police began to persecute her themselves, causing great damage to her mental and physical health. She has since been sent to Hohhot for further persecution.

Practitioner Wang Wei had her labor camp term extended twice because she refused to attend the meeting attacking Falun Gong. She went on a hunger strike to protest the persecution. On the sixth day, she was taken to the hospital to be force-fed and injected with drugs. She was handcuffed to the bed with her arms spread apart to stop her from resisting. She was then sent to the brainwashing class on January 4, 2005. Policemen Ma Hongyun and Zhai Qiuhua were among those persecuting her.

Practitioner Chen Jinhong was taken to the brainwashing class in March 2005. For the first twenty days or so she was deprived of sleep. When she protested, she was hung up and handcuffed to a bunk bed with Teacher's picture put below her feet by policemen Ma Hongyun and Zhang Yaguang. As a result of the hanging, her legs became severely swollen and cramped and she was in extreme pain, which made it difficult for her to walk. The police officers laughed at her. On April 10, another practitioner, Liu Aihua, was sent to the brainwashing class and endured the same torture.

Practitioner Li Ping was spotted by team leader Li Aiye and policewoman Zhai Shuhe when she was reading Teacher's articles. When other people went out to work she was

ordered to stay, and was handcuffed to a bed. Li Aiye slapped her a dozen times. After their work, practitioners Zhu Yuzhen, Ma Xiuling, and Zhang Chunjie went to Li Aiye to demand Li Ping's release, and asked to see the captain. When the captain came, he beat the three practitioners, kicking some and hitting the others with an electric baton.

The police in Genhe County arrested practitioners Fan Guizhi, Wang Wei and Chen Jinhong and sent them to Tumuji Forced Labor Camp. They have been held there since April 2002 without legal process.

Policemen involved in the persecution: Ma Hongyun, Zhai Qiuhua, Mou Fengrong, Chen Qiang, Wang Yiping and Li Aiye.

The Persecution Suffered by Falun Gong Practitioners at Sichuan University

From July 20, 1999, the beginning of the persecution of Falun Gong, the Sichuan Province Commissioners, under the lead of Zhou Yongkang and Zhang Zhongwei, have aggressively implemented the dictates of Jiang Zemin and his followers in the persecution of Falun Gong. Being afraid of freedom of thought and the belief in anything other than Communism, the commissioners fully implemented the persecution of Falun Gong at Sichuan University, and designated the university as a persecution center. They brutally persecute Falun Gong practitioners.

Over the past three years, Falun Gong practitioners employed by Sichuan University, and their family members, have suffered from the brutal persecution. The perpetrators adhered closely to the genocidal policy of, "Destroy Falun Gong practitioners' reputation by demonizing Falun Gong, disseminate fictitious stories about practitioners, destroy Falun Gong practitioners financially, and destroy them physically." The Sichuan Chinese Communist Party (CCP) provincial commissioners sent out many National Security Bureau special agents and/or public security police and hired unemployed people to find, follow, and monitor Falun Gong practitioners' telephone calls. The special agents, police, and hired thugs frequently break into people's homes. They ransack practitioner's homes and confiscate their property. On holidays, they also limit the personal freedom of practitioners. This persecution has lasted for six years. Practitioners, be they faculty or students at Sichuan University, are under constant mental and physical torment. Several of the personal street several of the personal stories are outlined below:

Ms. Hu Gui-e was a retiree from Sichuan University's Law Department. Her health improved after she began to practice Falun Gong. She became strong and free of illness. On July 22, 1999, Ms. Hu traveled to Beijing to appeal for Falun Gong and to tell people that "Falun Dafa is good and *Zhen-Shan-Ren* (Truthfulness, Compassion and Forbearance) is good." Because of this, Ms. Hu was twice unlawfully detained. The long-term harassment from the local 610 Office traumatized her. Hu Gui-e died in February of 2003 due to the persecution.

Ms. Yang Jingxia, a 70-year-old Falun Gong practitioner, is a well-known environmental protection specialist. She was recognized worldwide, known for her noble character and was held in high esteem. Ms. Yang was arrested at her home on May 9, 2003, without due cause. The police handcuffed both of her hands for four days and nights, and kept her from sleeping. Soon after, Ms. Yang was sentenced to a three-year prison term, without legal process. She is currently imprisoned at Jianyang City Women's Prison of Sichuan Province.

Ms. Luo Ping was an English instructor at the Huaxi Public Health College. She suffered like Ms. Yang Jingxia under the inhuman persecution. Ms. Luo was sentenced to a three and a half year term, and is also detained at Jianyang Women's Prison.

The late Ms. Li Yuru was a medical doctor at Chengdu City 12th Middle School and a family member of a Sichuan University employee. To prevent her from traveling to Beijing and appealing for justice for Falun Gong, the local "610 Office" ordered staff from Wangjiang Police Station to arrest Ms. Li during the 2001 Chinese New Year holiday. She was imprisoned in a private prison. Ms. Li passed away in 2002 because of the constant harassment, monitoring and intimidation by the 610 Office and the police.

Mr. Wang Haipo, who held a Ph.D. in mathematics, was an associate professor. Because he practiced Falun Gong, he was arrested, and his house ransacked on the eve of China's 16th National Congress in 2002. He was handcuffed and his feet were shackled for four days and nights. During this time, Mr. Wang was forbidden to close his eyes. He was sentenced to three years at Wumaping Prison, Muchuan County, Leshan City, without legal process.

Ms. Fang Hui was an instructor at the Foreign Language College of Sichuan University. She was recognized as one of Ten Young Most Courageous People for riding a bicycle to Lasa, Tibet. This recognized sports competitor of the University's mountain climbing team was cruelly persecuted. Now, she has poor eyesight, has difficulty walking and is unable to lead a normal life. Ms. Fang was sentenced to three and a half years of public service.

Mr. Li Ming was an economics student. He had been sent twice to a forced labor camp, without legal cause. Then, he was again arrested on April 11, 2005 and sent to the Jinhua Town Brainwashing Center of Wuhou District, Chengdu City.

Mr. Liu Tao was a young engineering student. In October 1999, he was sentenced without due cause to a three-year sentence in a forced labor camp. The university expelled him and he is forbidden to pursue his studies.

Mr. Luo Mingfu was a graduate student in the history department. In 1999, he was sentenced to serve three years of forced labor without due process. He no longer is allowed to pursue his graduate studies at the University.

Ms. Hong Jirong was a cadre. After prison detention without cause, she was sent to Pujiang Farm Village, where she was held in a halfway house and not given any food. Ms. Hong almost starved to death.

Mr. Cui Rongchang was a professor. He has been detained twice at the Chengdu Detention Center, without due cause, and fined more than ten thousand yuan.

Ms. Xu Haiyan was the head of a graduate school. She was sentenced to a forced labor camp.

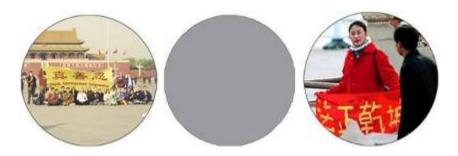
Mr. Ni Yuehua was a high-level police superintendent and a family member of a Sichuan University employee. He was detained in a detention center, a jail, and a brainwashing center.

Mr. Zhu Jialin was a laborer, ready to retire. He was detained twice in a detention center. The authorities withheld more than four thousand yuan of his salary. They reduced his monthly retirement pay to 300 yuan.

Mr. Li Liyi was an English teacher, ready to retire. He was detained twice in a detention center. His income was reduced by more than twenty thousand yuan. Then, after retirement, his retirement payment was reduced to 300 yuan.

There are many more staff members who were unlawfully detained due to the persecution, including Professor Liu Dafeng, Senior Engineer Mr. Ding Zhigao, and accountant Ms. Liu Huirong.

Falun Gong Practitioners' Noble Actions in China



Taking Master Li's Articles to Practitioners in Forced Labor Camps

By a Falun Gong Practitioner from Jilin City, Jilin Province

The desire to rescue Falun Gong practitioners who are illegally detained in forced labor camps never leaves me. My wish for them is to free themselves from detention with righteous thoughts.

On one occasion, I constantly kept righteous thoughts on my way to the forced labor camp. When I reached the front gate of the forced labor camp, I asked the police officers on duty to allow me to see my husband. They refused, so I waited near the front gate for a while. Soon a man came along and was permitted to enter the gate, so I took the opportunity before the gate closed to slip into the camp. However, at that precise moment, an officer on duty looked over in my direction. Luckily, the thought, "I don't want him to see me" came to my mind, and I miraculously managed to escape without being noticed. Then, I ran as fast as I could to the building where my husband was.

When I reached the front of the building, I thought to myself, "Since I am here, there must be things that I should do." So I slowly walked up the stairs to the second floor where I saw my husband squatting on the floor. He was very surprised and asked me how I managed to get there. I told him that I used righteous thoughts, and also reminded him to use righteous thoughts to walk out of the forced labor camp. I repeated myself three times to make sure that he could remember. Then, I handed him Master's articles before walking down the stairs. As I looked back at the building, I could see my husband looking at me through a window.

As I approached the front gate, the police officer on duty was astonished and asked me how I got into the camp. I said, "I don't know," and he hurriedly told me to get out of the camp. I was extremely happy, for I had validated that Falun Gong practitioners have enormous abilities.

Practitioners' Righteous Thoughts and Righteous Actions at Tilanqiao Prison, Shanghai, Shake the Evil

The detained practitioners' righteous thoughts and actions at Tilanqiao Prison greatly shake and restrain the evil there. Every time they bring Mr. Du Ting to be force-fed, he shouts, "Falun Dafa is good! Restore the innocence of Falun Dafa! Restore the innocence of my Master!" Practitioner Lan Bing told the prison guard firmly, "Falun Dafa is the righteous law! It will bring benefits to every single living being."

"Falun Dafa is good" reverberates through Tilanqiao Prison

During practitioner Mr. Du Ting's hunger strike in 2001, the prison guard locked him in the small cell, shackled him, disregarded how weak he was after being on a hunger strike for nearly a year, and punished him by forcing him to sit on a board [*a torture implement*]. A couple of prisoners stormed into Mr. Du's small cell to force-feed him, pressing him down on the floor; some stepped on his body, some pressed his head, some tried to cover his mouth; some beat him by the "dark beating" method.

However, practitioner Mr. Du has never given in.

The evil forces have no means to deal with him. Mr. Du is dragged to be force-fed every day. He firmly resists; refusing to put on the prison clothes, refusing to go to the hospital, and refusing to be force fed. So almost every day the guards instruct the inmates to drag him out of his small cell and carry him out of the No.2 prison cell.

It is some distance from No.2 prison cell to the prison hospital, so each day on the way to be force fed, Mr. Du struggles and shouts at the same time, "Falun Dafa is good! Restore the pureness of Falun Dafa! Restore the purity of my Master!" "Falun Dafa is good" His words reverberate throughout Tilanqiao Prison.

Mr. Du is 36 years old. He graduated from college, and his original home address is No.86, East Anding Road, North Street, Xifeng City, Gansu Province. On February 16, 2001, a policeman from Minghang District Police Department in Shanghai arrested him. On March 18, 2002, he was sentenced to 8 years in prison. Currently Mr. Du is detained in No.2 prison cell in Tilanqiao Prison.

Falun Dafa is the righteous law! It will benefit every single live being.

In March 2005, practitioner Mr. Lan Bing was transferred from No. 2 prison cell to No. 3 prison cell. A No.3 prison cell guard said something disrespectful about Dafa. In response, Mr. Lan requested to see the prison team and warned the team that they should not allow the guard to do that. He also told them that it was against the prison law to make prisoners work overtime labor and notified them to report this to higher

authorities. The No. 3 prison cell guards felt it was a headache to deal with such a practitioner as Mr. Lan, so they refused to keep him. Less than a month later, Mr. Lan was transferred to the No.6 prison cell, No.4 middle team.

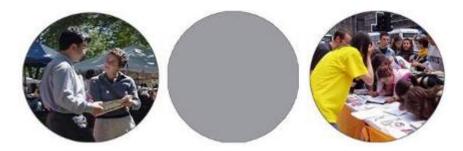
In No. 3 prison cell, the prisoners generally do printing. In No. 6 prison cell, some prisoners do sewing and some make plush toys. In order to appease Mr. Lan, the policemen in No.6 prison cell make him add the eyes to the plush toys, claiming, "This is the most "relaxed" labor!" They also requested that he not promote Dafa while going about his "duties." Mr. Lan said righteously and sternly, "No! Falun Dafa is the righteous law! It will bring benefits to every single living being. Why not let people express their thoughts?"

Mr. Lan Bing was born on February 8, 1968. His original home address is Room 301, No. 15, No. 85 Nong, Xiangquan Road, Shanghai. After the Xuhui Police Department arrested him on October 8, 2001, he was sentenced to 10 years in prison. Since 1999, Mr. Lan had done Fa-rectification work silently in Shanghai. Because he was constantly monitored and harassed, Mr. Lan had no choice but to leave home and become homeless. The personnel in Shanghai knew from their many resources that there was a practitioner named Mr. Lan Bing. They searched extensively for him. After Mr. Lan was arrested, policemen made every effort to make him renounce Falun Dafa. They prohibited him from going to sleep for 7 days and nights during the preliminary hearing period. They also kept a high intensity searchlight on at all times right above his head.

Mr. Lan is currently detained at cell 6 in Tilanqiao Prison. In order to maintain their beliefs, practitioners firmly resist and are steadfast without giving up.

Mr. Qu Yanlai, a graduate from the Energy Engineering Department at the Transportation and Energy University in Shanghai, is also in this prison. He has been on a hunger and water strike for over 750 days in order to protest his arrest and for the right to do the Dafa exercises. Practitioner Mr. Xiong Wenqi has been on hunger strike for over 600 days. He is extremely weak due to the torture and is currently in the hospital.

People Awaken to the Truth



Former Chinese Consulate Official Speaks Out on the CCP's Persecution of Falun Gong

Diplomat Chen Yonglin was in charge of monitoring Falun Gong while based in the Sydney Australia Consulate. He quit the CCP because he is no longer willing to work for the persecution, which is against his conscience. He explained his reasoning for escaping the CCP during the June 4th Memorial Rally held in Sydney. He further exposed details of how the CCP spies on Falun Gong and other overseas groups. His revelations have caused a major shockwave, rippling through Australia and the rest of the world. On June 9, 2005, a Clearwisdom.net journalist interviewed Mr. Chen Yonglin, and the following is part of that interview.

Mr. Chen Yonglin graduated from the Beijing Foreign Affairs College and was assigned a job as First Secretary in the Sydney Consulate in 2001. He was placed in charge of political affairs, focusing on Falun Gong and democratic groups. Mr. Chen described how he changed from a consulate official dealing with Falun Dafa practitioners to a human being who finally found his conscience, escaped the consulate, refused to be involved in the evil persecution, and sought freedom for his conscience.

Journalist: How do you do, Mr. Chen! Thanks for accepting this interview with your busy schedule. How did you first hear about Falun Gong?

Chen: I heard about Falun Gong on April 25, 1999. I was shocked to see how peaceful Falun Gong practitioners were when they sat next to the Zhongnanhai Compound. When the CCP banned Falun Gong in July 1999, the media were attacking Falun Gong, digging up some suicide, self-immolation incidents. I felt Falun Gong had nothing to do with me, since I did not know much about it. After I took the job in the Sydney Consulate in 2001, I was put in charge of political affairs and had more opportunities to come into contact with Falun Gong practitioners. I was resolutely following the CCP's policy of banning Falun Gong, "totally opposing and firmly fighting" it at that time.

Journalist: What made you change your opinion on Falun Gong later?

Chen: Through interaction with Falun Gong practitioners in Australia, I felt they are not as bad, as the CCP media propaganda described. In fact some young practitioners are quite knowledgeable. Since I was in charge of this issue, I had to study more on the topic. I read some Falun Gong books and visited their websites. I found Falun Gong has a systematic theory and belongs to a special group.

There is very little religious freedom in China. I know many people like to keep fit with qigong exercise or seek beliefs for spiritual support. As for those so-called suicide or self-immolation incidents, such as the propaganda reported as "Falun Gong 1700 Deaths," I can tell you most of these 1700 people probably had mental diseases or were

suicidal to begin with. We should see the true facts, that many practitioners obtained spiritual hope due to practicing Falun Gong, felt peace, and would not want to commit suicide any longer. For instance, someone who was coming off a broken relationship or who had a family problem would not want to commit suicide after practicing Falun Gong. I found that compared with the more than 200,000 suicides per year in China, "1700" is a very small number. It is possible Falun Gong has saved hundreds of thousands of lives.

Journalist: There are still many employees in each consulate following the CCP policy of persecuting Falun Gong. Do you have something to say to these officials?

Chen: I think many of them do not know Falun Gong, as I did not when I first arrived at the Sydney Consulate. They deserve some time to know the truth. They should follow my lesson and not continue the persecution against their conscience.

Journalist: If one continues to follow the CCP's persecution, one would have a good career and enjoy an easy life. What made you withdraw from the CCP, risking danger to yourself?

Chen: Yes, if I continued to work for the CCP, I would be treated very well, but I would have to live against my own conscience, and I cannot even keep basic moral values. I chose to escape the CCP, exposing these persecution facts, hoping to awaken Chinese people who still have some conscience. I feel my conscience is saved, and I feel at ease with myself.

Journalist: Due to your familiarity with the CCP's cruel persecution of Falun Gong and people of differing opinions, do you feel safe living in Australia as long as the CCP is still in business?

Chen: You are right. The CCP rules by their will, they will stop at nothing to control others.

Journalist: Many readers of Minghui/Clearwisdom have expressed support and understanding for your righteous action, and are willing to help you. I heard many people have written to the Australian government or their local Australian Embassy/Consulates, calling on them to provide you immediate political asylum. What kind of help might you want to ask of our readers and the general public?

Chen: Many Falun Gong practitioners and kind-hearted people have already provided my family and me with lots of help. Here I want to thank them.

Journalist: I understand you must be very tired lately. Thanks for accepting my interview today, and I hope I can interview you later when time allows. I hope we can

discuss with you other issues of interest to our readers, and we sincerely wish you and your family a safe, peaceful life in Australia!

Chen: Sure, Thanks!

Prisoners' Hearts Change after Witnessing the Greatness of Falun Dafa

In the summer of 2004, a female Falun Gong practitioner in her forties from Yanbian Autonomous Region was arrested while distributing truth clarifying materials and was sent to a detention center. She was jailed with 7 criminals. Due to their long-term incarceration, the inmates had contracted diseases and had become ill-tempered. Fights broke out all the time. The environment was very bad.

Despite this, the female practitioner showed them kindness. She talked to them about the real situation of Falun Gong. With a compassionate heart, she told them to always remember "Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance" and sincerely say, "Falun Dafa is good" and they would then have a bright new future. Nevertheless, the inmates did not believe her and even laughed at her.

One of them suffered a severe stomachache one day. She was in excruciating pain. The practitioner immediately told her to say, "Falun Dafa is good! Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance is good!" Due to the unbearable pain, the inmate did as she was told. Soon her pain was gone and she was able to eat some food. She even had a good appetite. After the meal, she regained her strength, was full of vigor and did not look like someone who had just suffered an ailment.

The other inmates were all shocked to witness the whole process. Their hearts were greatly touched and their long-locked minds were opened. They started to believe what the female practitioner had told them and began to respectfully recite "Falun Dafa is good! Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance is good!" too.

As they practiced for a period of time, their pains were alleviated in varying degrees. Experiencing the huge changes in themselves, they were convinced of the miracle of Falun Dafa. Thereafter, every day, they studied the principles, practiced Falun Gong exercises and shared experiences together. The bad environment disappeared as well. The small cell became a peaceful and pure land of cultivation.

One day, a prison guard saw them practicing Falun Gong. Since the guard was touched by the huge change she had witnessed in the prisoners of this cell, she stood there quietly watching them for a long time. Since then, the guard has taken special care of the prisoners of this cell.

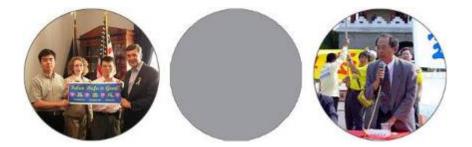
I Finally Understood the Persecution Suffered by My Sister

I am 42 years old. My sister's health improved and her family became happier after she began practicing Falun Dafa. After the Chinese Communist Party (CCP) started persecuting Falun Gong on July 20, 1999, my sister became a victim. I was also implicated, and I constantly worried about her and her little child. In order to minimize her suffering, my husband and I tried to present gifts and entertain the officials who were overseeing her detention. Because of my worries, my hair began turning grey. Despite my efforts, my sister still suffered mental trauma due to the constant persecution. After she was released, she was taken to a psychiatric hospital. Her speech became incoherent, and she was injected twice with nerve damaging drugs in the hospital. She became unable to even take care of herself. Later she was twice forced to get treatment at the mental hospital, but each time she came out worse than before. She could not even sit still for a few minutes.

Due to the vilifying and slanderous propaganda published by the CCP, at that time I blamed all these sufferings on my sister and Falun Dafa. However, I have now observed that without taking a single pill, my sister's health has completely recovered simply by following the principles of "Truthfulness, Compassion, and Forbearance" to be a good person, and cultivate and improve her moral character. After she and her fellow Dafa practitioners persisted in telling me the facts, I knew I had been deceived and misled. My sending gifts and entertaining officials actually worsened the persecution of Dafa practitioners. These acts encourage the officials to further persecute and extort money from practitioners and their families.

It was the CCP that brought calamity upon my family, and Falun Dafa that brought us prosperity and happiness. I feel so deeply ashamed for all my wrongdoings caused by my past ignorance.

Voice of Justice



President of Swiss Political Party Strongly Appeals to Director of Suzhou Lumu Shoushen Zhan Xi Prison for Release of Falun Gong Practitioner

On November 25, 2004, Qiu Minghua, Falun Gong practitioner and mother of University of St. Gallen student Wang Xiaoyang, was arrested and imprisoned at Suzhou Lumu Shoushen Zhan Xi Prison. She was arrested because she practiced Falun Gong at home.

From that day to this, Wang Xiaoyang has lost all contact with her mother. Her father refuses to answer questions about her mother during telephone conversations. The most likely cause of this is that he is being monitored and pressured by the local authorities. Therefore, a member of the Canton Council in Canton St. Gallen wrote the following letter to the director of the prison where Qiu Minghua is thought to be illegally held, calling for her release.

Andreas Zeller, lic.oec.HSG Member of the Canton Council St. Gallen President of the Freisinnig-Democratic Party of Canton St. Gallen (FDP SG)

Director

Suzhou Lumu Shoushen Zhan Xi Suzhou Shi Gong An Ju Di Shou Suo 215100 Suzhou, Jiangsu People's Republic of China

Dear Director of Suzhou Lumu Shoushen Zhan Xi,

As President of the Freisinnig, Canton St. Gallen's Democratic Party (FDP SG) I was informed of Mrs. Qiu Minghua's fate by her daughter, a student of the University of St. Gallen (HSG).

On November 25th 2004, her mother, Ms. Qiu Minghua, was arrested at home and has been held since that day in your prison because she practices Falun Gong. As President of a political party that holds personal freedom as one of its highest principles, I am deeply shocked concerning the violation of human rights in this particular situation.

It just can't be true that during our lifetime a person is treated as a criminal and imprisoned for no other reason than practicing peacefully at home. One's religious belief, under the concept of religious freedom, is sacrosanct. Such a system is beyond my comprehension.

I therefore appeal to you strongly, Mr. Director, to do all in your power to exert pressure for the immediate release of Ms. Qiu Minghua. We wish to see her living in freedom.

Furthermore, I'm requesting you keep in touch and inform me of all that is done regarding this matter.

I count on your understanding and your cooperation concerning this matter.

Please accept my personal gratitude in advance.

Yours respectfully,

Andreas Zeller

President of the Canton St. Gallen FDP

Proclamation of Falun Dafa Month, City of Fort Wayne, Indiana

City of Fort Wayne

Office of the Mayor

Proclamation

Whereas, Falun Dafa, is based on characteristics of truthfulness, compassion and forbearance and emphasizes moral value and health improvements; and

Whereas, Falun Dafa consists of gentle exercises and medication; and

Whereas, Falun Dafa has been credited in helping people overcome addictions, encouraging peace in families and improving the atmosphere of communities; and

Whereas, The United States government has recognized Falun Dafa's contribution to humanity;

Now, Therefore, I, Graham Richard, Mayor of the City of Fort Wayne, Indiana, do hereby proclaim the month of June 2005, as

Falun Dafa Month

in Fort Wayne, and I encourage all residents to recognize the practice and benefits of Falun Dafa.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Office of Mayor, City of Fort Wayne, Indiana to be affixed this 1st day of June 2005.

Graham Richard

Mayor



Governor of Missouri Proclaims May 2005 as Falun Dafa Month

Office of the Governor State of Missouri

Proclamation

Whereas, Missouri has been continually renewed and enriched by many different people who choose to come here and become our fellow citizens; and

Whereas, Missouri has maintained a close relationship and appreciation for the people, culture and traditions of the Asian community; and

Whereas, the exercise, meditation and teachings of Falun Dafa are founded on the principles of truthfulness, compassion and tolerance, allowing practitioners to seek significant positive effects for stress relief and overall mental and physical health; and

Whereas, Falun Dafa has gained over 100 million worldwide adherents, including residents of Missouri.

Now Therefore, I, Matt Blunt, Governor of Missouri do hereby proclaim May 2005 to be

Falun Dafa Month

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of the State of Missouri, in the City of Jefferson, this 11th day of May 2005.

Matt Blunt (signature)

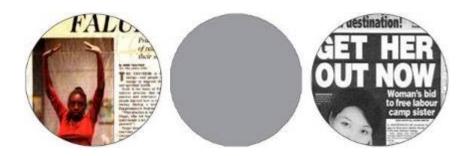
Governor

Robin Carnahan

Secretary of State



Media Reports and Opinions



AFP: Swedish Falun Gong to Press Charges Against China's Jiang Zemin

Swedish members of the banned Chinese spiritual movement Falun Gong said Friday they plan to press criminal charges against China's former president Jiang Zemin and other senior officials for murder, torture and kidnapping.

"The persecution of Falun Gong is extensive and has been going on for several years. It is directly inspired by the Communist Party and is led by a special body that was created by Jiang Zemin," the group's Swedish lawyer, Peter Bergquist, said in a statement from Falun Gong.

The group said it would file the complaint with Swedish police on Monday, and it would then be up to the prosecution service to decide on whether to pursue the case.

In November 2001, a group of westerners, including eight Swedes, took part in a demonstration on Tiananmen Square in Beijing to call for "an end to the persecution" of Falun Gong.

"They were arrested, beaten, threatened and held against their will. The treatment of these Swedes meets, in several cases, the criteria for torture and kidnapping under the UN convention on torture," the statement said.

"More than 2,300 people who practice Falun Gong have in recent years been tortured to death in Chinese prisons. And these are only the documented cases," Bergquist said.

Bergquist said Sweden has an "obligation to try to take legal proceedings against these crimes and to punish the perpetrators", noting that "China lacks an independent justice system where lawyers can represent their clients without being punished."

According to Falun Gong, similar legal proceedings have been undertaken against Jiang Zemin and other Chinese officials in Australia, Belgium, Britain, Finland, France, Germany, the Netherlands, Spain and the United States among others.

"These proceedings around the world could hopefully lead, in the long term, to demands for human rights on China," it said.

SCMP: Expert Backs Up Defectors' Australia Spying Claims

Chinese intelligence agents have been pursuing an aggressive campaign of intimidation against Falun Gong followers in Australia, according to defectors and a former intelligence analyst.

"There's very good evidence that Chinese intelligence services do monitor and harass dissident communities like Falun Gong," said Paul Monk, former head of the China desk at the Defense Intelligence Organization, one of Australia's main spy agencies.

His comments backed up the recent claims of three Chinese defectors who said Beijing targets dissidents at home and overseas.

The latest whistle-blower is a senior officer in a unit of the Chinese security service known as 610, who claims he fled to Australia after a dissident was tortured to death at the police station where he worked.

The man has been granted a protection visa which allows him to stay in Australia. Chen Yonglin, a senior diplomat at the Chinese consulate in Sydney, went public last week with claims that Beijing has a network of around 1,000 spies in Australia, monitoring pro-democracy groups and separatist movements for Tibet, Taiwan and East Turkestan.

The central government has dismissed the claims as a fabrication.

Mr Chen, 37, is now in hiding with his family while he awaits a decision on political asylum.

A second asylum seeker, Hao Fengjun, said he had worked as a state security officer in Tianjin municipality.

Dr Monk said the defectors would provide information of vital interest to Australia. "At the very minimum, Chen would be very interesting to debrief, especially given the reports we're hearing about China building up its spy network in Australia," he said.

Mr. Chen was probably referring to informants and moles rather than paid-up agents when he claimed China had 1,000 spies in Australia, Dr Monk added.

"Spies can mean anything from case officers to undeclared agents and informers in the community. The number may be a little on the high side, but hundreds would not be an exaggeration," he said.

"There's no serious doubt that China has been building up its spy network. There's a considerable diaspora in Australia, and the Chinese authorities are very good at putting pressure on people."

A Falun Gong practitioner in Australia said intelligence agents had tried to recruit him as an informer on a trip back to China.

Philip Law, now an Australian citizen, said he was held for three days while visiting Beijing in 2002.

"There were about 15 plain-clothes police or national security office [personnel]. They rushed from all directions and caught me," he told ABC television.

"They asked me to spy for them. They [said], 'Once you go back to Australia, collect all the information we want and send [it] back'."

Chinese emigrant Zhang Cui Ying said agents had damaged her car on several occasions and threw a dying cat into her yard.

"I hope that the Australian government ... will clear out the spies and protect the peaceful environment for Australian people," said Ms Zhang, 42.

Radio France Internationale: Chen Yonglin's Defection to Australia is due to his Opposition to China's Persecution of Falun Gong

On June 8, 2005, *Radio France Internationale* reported that Mr. Qin Jing, Chairman of the Alliance for Chinese Democracy in Australia, was interviewed by a reporter about the political asylum application made to the Australian Government by Chen Yonglin, First Secretary of the Chinese Consulate-General in Sydney.

When interviewed, Mr. Qin Jing said that there were two reasons for Chen Yonglin's defection. The first one was that he was against China's high-pressure policy towards dissidents, which was a political matter. The other was that he was against China's brutal persecution of the Falun Gong group, which has been consistently extended to foreign countries.

When talking about the defection to Australia of another Chinese security official, Hao Fengjun, Mr. Qin pointed out that this case was different from Chen Yonglin's defection because the "6-10 Office" that Hao Fengjun used to work for was established exclusively for the suppression of Falun Gong in 1999.

Mr. Qin Jing added that in his opinion, these cases signaled that many people within the Chinese government are not happy about the Chinese Communist regime's systems. Therefore, they defect from China as soon as an opportunity arises. This phenomenon indicated that China's authoritarian rule is unpopular among its people.

AAP Reports Falun Gong Practitioner Ying Li Is Concerned about Her Family

A Sydney Falun Gong practitioner has called on more Chinese officials to speak out about China's treatment of the movement.

Sydney-based Chinese resident Li Ying today said she was aware the Chinese government was spying on her because of her involvement with Falun Gong, a claim backed by a Chinese official seeking asylum in Australia.

Hao Feng Jun, 32, who says he worked as a security officer in Tianjin in China's north, said last night China has a large spy network operating overseas.

Mr Hao used Ms Li as an example of one of the victims of the Chinese spy network, claiming he saw reports about her activities in the country.

"They send out businessmen and students to overseas countries as spies," Mr. Hao told the ABC's Lateline program last night.

"They also infiltrate Falun Gong and other dissident groups."

On May 26, Chinese diplomat Chen Yonglin, 37, abandoned his post at the Chinese consulate-general in Sydney. He is now in hiding, seeking asylum in Australia.

He claimed China had some 1,000 spies working in Australia, with Falun Gong practitioners among those targeted, and said he faced persecution if he returned home.

Ms Li was grateful Mr Hao had spoken out and called on more Chinese officials to do the same.

"I really want to support him and I want more people to know about this and more people like him to do something and stand up to stop this prosecution and tell the truth of what they have done to Falun Gong," she said.

Since her arrival in Australia in November 2003, Li Ying has claimed she was tortured while in a Chinese labor camp in China in 1999.

Ms Li said she was incarcerated by the Chinese government for being a Falun Gong practitioner and had been spied on ever since.

"I'm very scared because everything I do in Australia, they know, and all family members are in China and I'm very worried about them," Ms Li said.

Courier-Mail: Falun Gong stages protest

Falun Gong practitioners have gathered in Sydney to rally against what they say is an improper use of international law against them by the Howard Government.

About 50 of the meditation-based group's supporters staged a demonstration in the city's Belmore Park to highlight their lawsuit against Foreign Minister Alexander Downer.

The group, banned in China but legal here, say the rules set out by the Department of Foreign Affairs to restrict their protests outside the Chinese Embassy in Canberra are illegal.

Falun Gong practitioners are free to meditate but they can't play amplified music or attach banners to walls or vehicles.

Australian practitioners Zhang Cui Ying and Zhi Zhen Dai this week filed a suit against Mr. Downer in the ACT Supreme Court, alleging that his department has unfairly limited their freedom of expression.

They are seeking an injunction against Mr. Downer.

Ms Zhang was allegedly imprisoned for eight months in Beijing for practicing Falun Gong, while Ms Zhi claims her husband was tortured to death in China in 2000.

Falun Gong spokesman Geoff Gregory said the Australian Government was trying to save face and preserve relations with the Chinese government.

The protesters accuse Mr. Downer of using the Vienna Convention in an unprecedented manner when he signed a number of certificates interpreting their protests outside the Chinese Embassy as breaching the rights of China's diplomatic mission.

"On the 16th of March 2002, one day prior to the arrival of the Chinese foreign minister in Australia, (Mr. Downer) filed the first of these certificates, claiming that our holding up a banner was damaging the integrity of the embassy," Mr. Gregory told the rally.

"We are very upset that we can't appeal peacefully outside the Chinese Embassy."

Another speaker, John Della, called for the Government to lift the embassy ban and deal with Chinese defectors Chen Yonglin and Hao Feng Jun free from bias.

"(These) visa applications must not be influenced by trade and economic considerations," he said.

The two former Chinese officials are seeking asylum in Australia after claiming Beijing operated a network of 1000 spies and informants.

They allege Chinese officials had kidnapped dissidents, including Falun Gong practitioners living in Australia, and taken them back to China for punishment, including the death penalty.

Radio Free Asia: Practitioners Invited to Demonstrate Falun Gong Exercises at Berlin Gymnastics Festival

From the 14th to the 20th of May 2005, the Berlin Gymnastics Festival invited Falun Gong practitioners to participate in a performance of 120,000 people. In the meantime, Ms. Xiong Wei, who had been imprisoned for two years by the Chinese Communist Party because she practiced Falun Gong, was interviewed. The following is a report by Radio Free Asia correspondent, Tian Yi.

The six-day Berlin Gymnastics Festival, which has just been held in the capital of Germany with 120,000 participants, has a history of one hundred and forty-five years. Its goal is to improve the physical and mental health of children and adults. Four German words represent its motto: originality, piety, happiness, and freedom. Under the principle of this motto, the Berlin Gymnastics Festival invited Falun Gong practitioners in Germany to participate in the performance. Ms. Xiong Wei, who had been detained in China for two years because she practiced Falun Gong and returned to Germany last year with the help of the German people, was also invited to participate in this festival. She shared her experience of the gymnastics festival with our reporter:

"The festival has attracted hundreds of thousands of people from all parts of Germany. When I saw the big crowds here, I felt I was back in China. Falun Gong practitioners, including a lot of local Germans, demonstrated the exercises, performed Chinese dances and distributed various kinds of material for two consecutive days.

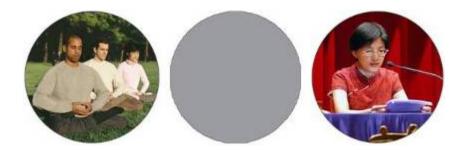
"A German practitioner, Rick Nagar, presided over a seminar on the five exercises. He has been fond of martial arts since childhood and began to practice Falun Gong after he learned about it. Then he found that big changes happened to his body, which did not happen when he practiced martial arts in the past. In fact, there are many people like him in Germany.

"I saw at the festival that westerners can go and learn and inquire about any exercise in front of any demonstration they like and leave if they do not like it. They may not understand how precious this liberty is. I have deep feelings about this kind of freedom. I was locked up in a forced labor camp for women in Beijing. During those two years, I did not have the freedom to choose which way to turn my head, let alone the freedom to practice exercises.

"I was deeply touched when I saw westerners liking Falun Gong at this gymnastics festival. It is human's yearning for health, kindness and freedom from suppression."

Therefore, in Ms. Xiong Wei's view, Falun Gong's virtues of truthfulness, compassion, and forbearance opened a window to the East for the motto of "originality, piety, happiness, freedom" at the festival.

Falun Gong Practitioners' Personal Experiences



Miraculous Recovery from Fatal Diseases

I once lived with a variety of incurable diseases. But after I began practicing Falun Gong several months ago, all my health problems were cured.

I am a retired worker from a university in Qingdao City, Shandong Province. In the autumn of 2003, during the university health check up, I was diagnosed with diabetes, high blood pressure and heart disease. I was not too concerned initially, until I came down with a continuous fever in June 2004. I was sent to the hospital for a checkup, and the problem was found to be a combined breakout of my diabetes, pleurisy, and a buildup of fluids within my chest cavity. In the five and a half months that followed, I was sent to the hospital four times, and more than 1.8 liters of fluid was extracted from my chest cavity. During this time my health deteriorated even further and I developed meningitis, infarction, and cerebral atrophy. I had to undergo a lumbar puncture and examination of cerebrospinal fluid every seven to fourteen days. Moreover, small diseases like flu never left me. The doctor told me that I would have to take medicine with every single meal, every single day, in order to prevent an outbreak of my diseases. Nevertheless, even though I followed the doctor's instructions, my diseases recurred. I was sent to the hospital again on November 4, 2004. This time, the doctor increased the drug dosage, and all of the so-called primary and secondary drugs were used. However, due to the large drug dosage, I developed drug poisoning and lost my appetite for food. I vomited even when I ate plain rice and drank plain water. The doctor said that there was no choice, that it was simply the reactions from the drugs, and that I should just keep taking the large drug doses. My body was totally devastated, and I couldn't sit or stand. All I could do was lay in bed - my entire life was ruined.

At this time, my wife told me that Master Li Hongzhi could save me. She had already been practicing Falun Dafa for 8 years, and had never taken a single pill or drug. I knew this clearly. In the past, when she tried to persuade me to practice Falun Gong, I was reluctant to try, out of laziness and fear of hardship. However, under the dire circumstances that I faced at the time, I decided to start cultivating with Master. On November 22, 2004, I was discharged from the hospital and my fever was gone by the time I reached home. The next day, I felt like someone was pouring a bucket of warm water on me from the top of my head, filling my body for about an hour. I believe it was Master anointing me!

I received a lot of care and concern from fellow practitioners in the karma-reducing process that followed. As such, no matter the outside influences, I have been able to strongly believe in Master and Dafa. Five months after being discharged from the hospital, I can eat well and sleep well, and I have a very healthy-looking glow. My body weight increased by twenty pounds, and my life returned to normal. I haven't had to concern myself again with restricting the content of my food intake, such as fruits or

porridge, due to my diabetes problem - I can eat anything I want. Besides learning the Fa, practicing the exercises and sending righteous thoughts every day, I also take a walk in the neighborhood park each day.

My former colleagues have visited me and exclaimed that if they had not seen it themselves, they would never have believed it! A person like me with so many fatal diseases being able to live without a single drug or pill is simply incredible! Some remarked that, "I really admire your Master now! It is no wonder so many people practice Falun Gong, even with the persecution. Your Master is truly incredible!"

My friends and relatives who were previously poisoned with lies have all turned for the better. They can accept it much more easily now when I clarify the truth to them.

After Depression Led to a Serious Drug Addiction, Falun Dafa Saved My Life

By Chen Ronghui

In a little over a month, I got my health back after being a heroine addict and in a state of desperation. I am still amazed by the extraordinary power of Falun Gong, and I would like to do all I can to tell people that Falun Dafa is good. Falun Dafa saved my family.

My Life Became a Joke

My name is Chen Ronghui. I live in Pingdong County, Taiwan. I run a transportation business with a monthly income of 300,000 to 400,000 Taiwan dollars. My four children were well behaved and I had a great family. Unfortunately, my wife took to gambling and was in debt for hundreds of thousands of Taiwan dollars. Not only that, she even had an affair at the same time. Before we were divorced, she wanted to marry another man. I was very shocked by all this, and was totally lost. My happy life turned into a living hell overnight.

I had to shoulder my wife's debts. She threatened that if I did not agree to a divorce, three lives would be on the line. I wanted to sue her for polygamy or sue the man for adultery, but could not decide. On her wedding night, I went to the police station, but the police said that they would have to go to the wedding banquet in uniform and take down information about the guests before they could prosecute them. I gave up. I walked into their wedding banquet. Seeing the guests, I wished her well. I was so lost, and could not understand why life had played such a joke on me.

I Started Taking Drugs

On April 4, 2001, my two daughters came home from university. I put down my name and their mother's name on a piece of paper and asked them to write their names under whomever they would like to live with. When I saw all four names under my name, I could not help but hug them all. They were all weeping and they called me "Daddy" altogether. I said to myself, I have to be responsible for them and help them succeed in life. I also agreed that their mother could visit them. However, after the passage of four years of a lonely life, I became addicted to heroine. I gambled with the happiness of my family, and I still tremble when I look back.

I was lonely after the divorce and resorted to drinking. But the hangovers were just killing me. Then by chance, I was introduced to heroine. At first, I mixed it with cigarettes. Then I used needles to inject the drug. Because I did not feel the headache

inflicted by drinking, and it was even cheaper, I used heroine. I sank even lower and could not kick the habit.

Perhaps fate had it that I should not die. My two daughters found out that I was taking drugs and threatened to quit university if I didn't quit. I promised them that I would not inject any more drugs, and also followed their advice to see a doctor in the hospital. The doctor could not believe that at my age, I was doing what some troubled youngsters do. After I took some medications, I quit for some time, but went back whenever I was stressed. I felt guilty and ashamed when I thought about my daughters. I needed more heroine each day. Sometimes, when I couldn't get the drugs from the dealer, my withdrawal symptoms became very serious and I felt so miserable. But I still had a wish to quit. Every time after I took an injection, I took some medications. My kidneys and liver were seriously damaged and I was swollen all over. I was dying.

God of Fortune Arrives

My daughters kept writing to me, telling me how they felt about my drug addiction, and how they worried about me and felt disgusted about fact that I was taking drugs. They did not expect that something they only saw on TV would happen in our family. But they did not know how to help me. Although I promised them that I would quit, I didn't do so until I had all kinds of health problems. At this time, the god of good fortune arrived.

During the Lunar New Year holiday, my brother and sister found out that something was wrong with me. My sister suspected that I was still taking drugs. They questioned me and I told them everything. My sister suggested that I practice Falun Gong and throw away all my medications. Therefore, under the my sister's supervision, I finished watching the nine lectures by Master Li. All my family practiced with me to encourage me. At first, I did not have enough energy, and when I had an attack, I had tears in my eyes and a runny nose. I was so miserable. But a miracle happened. After a week, most of my swelling disappeared. After another week, a rash developed which covered my body. I could not keep any food down. As soon as I covered myself with a blanket, I felt itchy, as if thousands of ants were biting at me. I could not sit or stand, nor could I sleep at night. But I still went to work at the transportation business during the day. My sister went with me to make sure that I was ok. After one month of no sleep and no rest, the rash disappeared. I am so grateful to Master Li.

My Children Witnessed the Magic of Falun Dafa

My children witnessed how it did not take injections or medications for me to recover, and they were very impressed. My daughter wrote to me, "To tell you the truth, I did not believe in Falun Dafa at first, even though my aunt recovered from cancer because of it. Now that I see my dad's rebirth, I really believe in Falun Dafa. I am so grateful. It saved our whole family. It prevented four children who had lost their mother from losing their father. It saved us all."

My Last Few Words

I have to thank my sister, who brought me Falun Dafa. I came to realize the purpose of life when I was in desperation. I am no longer lonely. Let me say this again: Falun Dafa is good.